



Culcheth Primary School

SEND Policy

2025-2026

Date policy last reviewed: September 2025

Last updated: September 2025

The SEN Policy – The School Profile

School Culcheth Community Primary School

Telephone 01925 764312

Number on roll 218

1.1.1 Number on SEN register 20

Culcheth Community Primary School Special Needs Policy

At Culcheth Community Primary we are committed to giving our children every opportunity to achieve their best. The achievement, attitude and well-being of every child matters and inclusion is the responsibility of everyone within our school. Every teacher is a teacher of every pupil, including those with special educational needs and disabilities. We respect the unique contribution which every individual can make to our school community.

Through successful implementation of this policy, we aim to:

- Eliminate discrimination.
- Promote equal opportunities.
- Foster good relationships between pupils with SEND and pupils without SEND.

The school will work with the Local Authority within the following principles, which underpin this policy:

- The involvement of pupils and their parents in decision-making
- The identification of pupils' needs
- Collaboration between education, health and social care services to provide support
- High quality provision to meet the needs of pupils with SEND
- Greater choice and control for pupils and their parents over their support
- Successful preparation for adulthood, including independent living and employment

Legal Framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation including, but not limited to, the following:

- Children and Families Act 2014
- Health and Social Care Act 2012
- Equality Act 2010
- Equality Act 2010 (Disability) Regulations 2010
- Education Act 1996
- Education Act 2002
- Mental Capacity Act 2005
- Children Act 1989
- Special Educational Needs and Disability (Amendment) Regulations 2015

- Special Educational Needs (Personal Budgets) Regulations 2014
- Special Educational Needs and Disability (Detained Persons) Regulations 2015
- Local Government Act 1974
- Disabled Persons (Services, Consultation and Representation) Act 1986
- Data Protection Act 2018
- The General Data Protection Regulation 2018

This policy has due regard to statutory and non-statutory guidance, including, but not limited to, the following:

- DfE (2015) 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years'
- DfE (2017) 'Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions'
- DfE (2020) 'Keeping children safe in education'
- DfE (2018) 'Working together to safeguard children'
- DfE (2018) 'Mental health and wellbeing provision in schools'
- DfE (2015) 'School admissions code'

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Admissions Policy
- Equal Opportunities Policy
- Pupil Confidentiality Policy
- Data Protection Policy
- Records Management Policy
- Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy
- One-to-one Tuition Policy
- Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Careers Policy
- Exclusion Policy
- Behavioural Policy
- Complaints Procedures Policy
- Accessibility Plan

This policy reviewed and amended in February 2021 in accordance with the Code of Practice for SEND.

1.1.1.1 *Definition of SEN and Disability (SEND)*

At our school we use the definition for SEN and for disability from the SEND Code of Practice (2014). This states:

SEN: *A child or young person has special educational needs if he or she has a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her. A learning difficulty or disability is a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age. Special educational provision means educational or training provision that is additional to, or different from, that made generally for others of the same age in a mainstream setting in England.*

Disability: Many children and young people who have SEN may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010 – that is ‘...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.’

Key Roles and Responsibilities

The SENCO has day-to-day responsibility for the operation of SEND policy and co-ordination of specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEND, including those who have EHC plans. The SEN Governor has responsibility for monitoring policy implementation and liaising between the SENCO and the Governing Body. The head teacher, along with the school safeguarding team, has specific responsibility for safeguarding and is the DSL.

1.1.1.2 Admission Arrangements

All admissions to the school are based on the LEA’s admission policy. There is no differentiation made between pupils with or without Special Educational needs or disabilities. Children experiencing difficulties will be supported within the classroom by their class teacher and teaching assistant or occasionally withdrawn for specialist support. Where necessary additional support and advice may be provided by: an Educational Psychologist, Speech and Language Specialist, Occupational /Physio Therapist, the School Nurse and the SENCO. Although we have no special unit, we resource SEN well and have ramps to most entrances and an accessible toilet in the Key stage 1 corridor.

Aims and Objectives

Aims: All pupils, regardless of their particular needs, are provided with inclusive teaching which will enable them to make the best possible progress and feel that they are a valued member of the wider school community. We expect that all pupils with SEND will meet or exceed the high expectations we set for them against national data and based on their age and starting points. We will use our best endeavours to give pupils with SEND the support they need, whilst having access to a broad and balanced curriculum. Working in partnership with families, it is our aim that pupils will become confident individuals able to make a successful transition on to the next phase of their education.

Objectives:

- To ensure a clear process for identifying, assessing, planning, providing and reviewing for SEND pupils with the pupils and their parents/carers at the centre.
- To develop effective whole school provision management of support for pupils with special educational needs and disabilities.

- *To deliver training and support for all staff working with pupils with SEND in order to develop our practice within the guidance set out in the Code of Practice, July 2014.*

1.1.1.3

1.1.1.4 Identification, assessment, Monitoring and Review

We believe in early intervention and therefore it is essential to have good liaison and communication so that programmes of study and other information is passed on. The SENCO liaises closely with all staff. Detailed information about Year 6 children is passed on to the relevant High Schools.

1.1.1.5 Initial Identification

Physical or medical difficulties are discussed when pupils are admitted to our school, and entered on to our contact form which is signed by parents. The class teacher is informed and information passed on to the SENCO. If the medical problem is likely to affect the child's ability to learn for example a hearing / vision impairment, the SENCO will record details and ensure that the staff are aware of likely problems.

Learning difficulties are initially identified based on the class teacher's professional judgements and assessments. Concerns are registered with the Headteacher and the SENCO. Parents are contacted to discuss the concern and strategies to support the child. Assessment is initially based upon the National Curriculum Statements of Attainment and the Foundation Stage Profile. Children moving in from other areas who are experiencing difficulties will be assessed to identify areas of need.

We will follow procedures for identification and assessment as laid out in the Code of Practice, unless our concerns, or specialist advice, mean that we have to miss a stage and move straight on to SEN Support. This may happen with new children or when a medical condition comes to light.

The Code of Practice refers to four broad areas of need:

Communication and interaction: these children have a difficulty in communicating with others. This may be because they have difficulty saying what they want to, understanding what is being said to them or they do not understand or use social rules of communication. For example, children with Autistic Spectrum Disorders (ASD), including Asperger syndrome, are likely to have particular difficulties with social interaction. They may also experience difficulties with language, communication and imagination, which can impact on how they relate to others.

Cognition and learning: children with learning difficulties learn at a slower pace than their peers, even with appropriate differentiation. Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs from moderate learning difficulties (MLD) to children with profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD). Specific learning difficulties (SpLD), affect one or more specific aspects of learning, such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

Social, emotional and mental health difficulties: children may experience a wide range of social and emotional difficulties which manifest themselves in many ways. These may include becoming withdrawn or isolated, as well displaying challenging, disruptive or disturbing behaviour. These behaviours may reflect underlying mental health difficulties such as anxiety or depression, self-harming, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained. Other children may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder (ADD), attention deficit hyperactive disorder (ADHD) or attachment disorder.

Sensory or physical needs: Impairments that prevent or hinder pupils from using the school facilities, such as vision impairment (VI), do not necessarily have SEND. We will ensure staff understand that some conditions can be age-related and can fluctuate over time and a pupil with a disability is covered by the definition of SEND if they require special educational provision. Under the Equality Act 2010 (Disability) Regulations 2010, the following conditions do not constitute a disability: a tendency to set fires, a tendency to steal, a tendency to commit physical or sexual abuse towards others, exhibitionism and voyeurism. The school recognises, however, that pupils who have sensory or physical impairments may require specialist support or equipment to access their learning, regardless of whether or not their impairment falls under the SEND definition, and the SENCO will ensure that their support needs are being met.

A Graduated Approach to SEN Support

We follow a process of on-going teacher assessments and termly pupil progress meetings with the leadership team identifies those pupils making less than expected progress given their age and individual circumstances. The school's first response is high quality targeted teaching by the class teacher. Where progress continues to be less than expected, the class teacher will discuss their concerns with the SENCO. In deciding whether to make special educational provision, the teacher and SENCO will consider all of the information gathered from within the school about the pupil's progress, alongside the views of parents/carers and pupil. During this stage extra teaching or interventions may be put in place as a pupil's response to such support can help to identify their particular needs. Where pupils have higher levels of need, and with parental permission, the school may seek advice from external agencies.

If the support needed can be provided by adapting the school's core offer then a child might not be considered SEN or placed on the SEN register. If, however, the support required is *different from or additional to* what is ordinarily offered by the school, the child will be placed on the SEN register at SEN Support. The school will then seek to remove barriers to learning and put effective special educational provision in place. This begins a cycle of *assess, plan, do, review* with the child/young person at the centre of the process.

The four-part cycle:

Assess: We will ensure that we regularly assess all pupils' needs so that each child's progress and development is carefully tracked compared to their peers and national expectations. We will listen to the views and experience of parents/carers and the pupil. In some cases, we will draw on assessments and guidance from other

education professionals e.g. Educational Psychologists (EP) and from health and social services.

Plan: Where SEN Support is required the teacher and SENCO will put together a plan (IEP) outlining the adjustments, interventions and support which will be put in place for the pupil as well as the expected impact on progress and outcomes, including a date when this will be reviewed. Targets for the pupil will be shared with her/him using child friendly language and with parents/carers. All staff who work with the pupil will be made aware of the plan.

Do: The class teacher is responsible for working with the pupil on a daily basis. She/he will also liaise closely with TAs or specialists who provide support set out in the plan and monitor the progress being made. The SENCO will provide support, guidance and advice for the teacher.

Review: The plan including the impact of the support and interventions will be reviewed each term by the teacher, SENCO, parent/carer and the pupil. This will inform the planning of next steps for a further period or where successful the removal of the pupil from SEN Support.

This four-part cycle through which earlier decisions and actions are revisited, refined and revised with a growing understanding of the pupil's needs and what supports the pupil in making good progress is known as the graduated approach.

Parents/carers and pupil involvement in the process

We believe in a person-centred approach to information gathering and the cycle of *assess, plan, do, review*. Reviews and target setting meetings are planned to coincide with parents' evenings where possible. Targets are shared with pupils and successes are celebrated.

KS2 pupils with an EHC plan will attend part of the meeting to share their achievements for the year and aspirations for the future.

Roles and Responsibilities.

The Headteacher will be responsible for:

- Ensuring that those who are teaching or working with pupils with SEND are aware of their needs and have arrangements in place to meet them.
- Ensuring that teachers monitor and review pupils' progress during the academic year.
- Cooperating with the LA during annual EHC plan reviews.
- Ensuring that the SENCO has sufficient time and resources to carry out their functions.
- Providing the SENCO with sufficient administrative support and time away from teaching to enable them to fulfil their responsibilities.
- Assisting the governing board in appointing a designated teacher for LAC, who will work closely with the SENCO to ensure that the needs of the pupils are fully understood by relevant school staff.
- Regularly and carefully reviewing the quality of teaching for pupils at risk of underachievement, as a core part of the school's performance management arrangements.
- Ensuring that teachers understand the strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils.
- Ensuring teachers have an established understanding of different types of SEND.
- Ensuring that procedures and policies for the day-to-day running of the school do not directly or indirectly discriminate against pupils with SEND.
- Ensuring that pupils with SEND and their parents are actively supported in contributing to needs assessments, and developing and reviewing EHC plans.

- Establishing and maintaining a culture of high expectations and including pupils with SEND in all opportunities available to other pupils.
- [New] Ensuring that the approach to the curriculum includes how it is made accessible for pupils with SEND.
- Consulting health and social care professionals, pupils, and parents to ensure the needs of pupils with medical conditions are effectively supported.
- Keeping parents and relevant teachers up-to-date with any changes or concerns involving a pupil, considering the school's Pupil Confidentiality Policy.
- Identifying any patterns in the identification of SEND within the school and comparing these with national data.
- Reporting to the governing board on the impact of SEND policies and procedures, including on pupils' mental health and wellbeing.
- Ensuring that the SENCO is provided with training, with an emphasis on mental health, on an annual basis.

The SENCO will be responsible for:

- Collaborating with the governing board and headteacher, as part of the SLT, to determine the strategic development of the SEND policy and provision in the school.
- Working with the relevant governors and the headteacher to ensure that the school meets its responsibilities under the Equality Act 2010, regarding reasonable adjustments and access arrangements.
- The day-to-day operation and implementation of the SEND policy.
- Coordinating the specific provision made to support individual pupils with SEND, including those with EHC plans.
- Liaising with the relevant, designated teachers where LAC have SEND.
- Advising on a graduated approach to providing SEND support.
- Advising on the deployment of the school's delegated budget and other resources to meet pupils' needs effectively.
- Liaising with the parents of pupils with SEND.
- Liaising with early years providers, other schools, educational psychologists, health and social care professionals, and independent or voluntary bodies, as required.
- Being a key point of contact for external agencies, especially the LA and LA support services.
- Liaising with the potential future providers of education to ensure that pupils and their parents are informed about the options, and a smooth transition is planned.
- Providing professional guidance to colleagues and working closely with staff members, parents and other agencies, including SEND charities.
- Being familiar with the provision in the Local Offer and being able to work with professionals who are providing a supporting role to the family.
- Ensuring, as far as possible, that pupils with SEND take part in activities run by the school, together with those who do not have SEND.
- Ensuring that the school keeps the records of all pupils with SEND up-to-date, in line with the school's Data Protection Policy.
- Informing the parents of pupils with SEND, who do not have an EHC plan, that SEND provision is being made.
- In collaboration with the headteacher, identifying any patterns in the identification of SEND within the school and comparing these with national data.
- Participating in training and CPD opportunities, some of which emphasise mental health to a greater extent.
- Providing training to relevant class teachers.

- Supporting teachers in the further assessment of a pupil's particular strengths and weaknesses, and advising on effective implementation of support.

Teachers will be responsible for:

- Planning and reviewing support for pupils with SEND on a graduated basis, in collaboration with parents, the SENCO and, where appropriate, the pupils themselves.
- Setting high expectations for every pupil and aiming to teach them the full curriculum, whatever their prior attainment.
- Planning lessons to address potential areas of difficulty to ensure that there are no barriers to every pupil achieving.
- Ensuring every pupil with SEND is able to study the full national curriculum.
- Being accountable for the progress and development of the pupils in their class.
- Being aware of the needs, outcomes sought, and support provided to any pupils with SEND they are working with.
- Understanding and implementing strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils with the support of the SENCO.
- Keeping the relevant figures of authority up-to-date with any changes in behaviour, academic developments and causes of concern. The relevant figures of authority include the headteacher.

Governors

The Governors, especially the SEN Governor, will be kept informed as children move through the stages. The number of children at each stage will be recorded, not individual named children. The SENCO will prepare and present a termly SEN update to the SEN Governor. The Governing Body evaluates the success of the SEN provision through reports from the Head teacher and the Governor with responsibility for SEN. The Governing Body, through the School Development Plan, ensures that relevant training is provided.

The governing board are responsible for:

- Communicating with pupils with SEND and their parents when drawing up policies that affect them.
- Identifying, assessing and making provision for all pupils with SEND, whether or not they have an EHC plan.
- Securing the special educational provision called for by a pupil's SEND.
- Designating an appropriate member of staff to be the SENCO and having responsibility for coordinating provision for pupils with SEND.
- Appointing a designated teacher for LAC, where appropriate.
- Making reasonable adjustments for pupils with disabilities to help alleviate any substantial disadvantage they experience because of their disability.
- Taking necessary steps to ensure that pupils with disabilities are not discriminated against, harassed or victimised, e.g. in line with the Equal Opportunities Policy: Pupils.
- Preparing the arrangements for the admission of pupils with SEND and the facilities provided to enable access to the school for pupils with disabilities.
- Regularly monitoring the school's policies and procedures, to review their impact on pupils with SEND, including on their mental health and wellbeing.
- Preparing the Accessibility Plan, showing how the school intends to progressively improve access over time.

- Publishing annual information setting out the measures and facilities to assist access for pupils with disabilities on the school's website.
- Publishing annual information about the arrangements for the admission of pupils with SEND, the steps taken to prevent pupils being treated less favourably than others, the facilities provided to assist pupils with SEND, and the school's Accessibility Plan on the school's website.
- Developing complaints procedures which, along with details about appealing to the SEND tribunal, will be made known to parents and pupils.
- Providing suitable, full-time education from the sixth day of a fixed permanent exclusion of a pupil with SEND, in line with their EHC plan.
- Ensuring arrangements are in place to support pupils at school with medical conditions, in line with the school's Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy.
- Cooperating with the LA in drawing up and reviewing the Local Offer.
- Appointing an individual governor or sub-committee to oversee the school's arrangements for SEND.
- Preparing the SEND information report and publishing it on the website.

Individual Education Plans

Children identified as having additional needs will, in most instances, have an IEP, which will specify long term aims and give the child manageable short term (SMART) targets.

At the SEN Support stage, the child's class teacher will remain responsible for providing the child with appropriate differentiated work. Timetables will be planned carefully to ensure that any individual specialist support takes place at the best possible time.

IEP's will usually have three or four manageable targets. The targets will be evaluated termly and as a result of the evaluation, new or modified targets will be set. The IEP will provide information about the child's academic levels, how targets may be achieved and who will be responsible for providing the support. If a child fails to make adequate progress or if a specific problem is identified, appropriate action will be taken. This may be in the form of a specialist, e.g. Educational Psychologist or by updating the IEP with more appropriate targets or teaching methods. The parents, class teacher, Headteacher, SENCO and any specialist involved may be invited to the review. The child, where appropriate, will be consulted as to how she/he views the programme.

A small number of pupils, whose needs are complex and long term, may require a greater level of support than that provided at SEN Support from the school's own resources. For these pupils a request will be made to the local authority to conduct an assessment of education, health and care needs. This may result in an Education, Health and Care (EHC) plan being provided. This brings together the child's health and social care needs as well as their special educational needs. See SEN Identification at Culcheth Community Primary school document for further information.

Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions

The school recognises that pupils with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education. Where it is the case that a medical condition meets the criteria of disability the school will comply with its duties under the Equality Act 2010.

Reasonable adjustments will always be made to promote access to all areas of the school curriculum for pupils with a disability, e.g. an extra adult to accompany a child on a school trips or residential trips.

The school office staff are responsible for the administration of medicines and health care plans/protocols.

Children with specific circumstances

LAC

- Pupils at the school who are being accommodated, or who have been taken into care, by the LA are legally defined as being 'looked after' by the LA.
- The school recognises that pupils that have SEND are more likely to be 'looked after', and it is likely that a significant proportion of them will have an EHC plan.
- The school has a designated member of staff for coordinating the support for LAC.
- Where that role is carried out by a person other than the SENCO, designated teachers will work closely with the SENCO to ensure that the implications of a child being both looked after and having SEND are fully understood by relevant school staff.

EAL

- The school will give particular care to the identification and assessment of the SEND of pupils whose first language is not English.
- The school will consider the pupil within the context of their home, culture and community.
- Where there is uncertainty about an individual pupil, the school will make full use of any local sources of advice relevant to the language group concerned, drawing on community liaison arrangements wherever they exist.
- The school appreciates having EAL is not equated to having learning difficulties. At the same time, when pupils with EAL make slow progress, it will not be assumed that their language status is the only reason; they may have SEND.
- The school will look carefully at all aspects of a pupil's performance in different subjects to establish whether the problems they have in the classroom are due to limitations in their command of English or arise from SEND.

Monitoring and evaluation of SEN

The head teacher and the senior management team regularly monitor and evaluate the quality of provision for all pupils. The school aims to use interventions in school that have proven outcomes and are evidence based. The impact of SEN provision on the progress and outcomes for children on the SEN register is measured through:

- analysis of pupil tracking data and test results at pupil progress meetings
- progress against national data and based on their age and starting points.
- interventions baseline and exit data
- progress against individual targets
- pupils' work and interviews

The SENCO maps provision for each class and uses costed provision maps to cost provision. Decisions are made as to whether specific interventions are proving to be effective

in terms of impact, time spent on them and the finance used in providing them. Each year we review the needs of the cohort and if necessary make changes to our provision.

Admissions

- The school will ensure it meets its duties set under the 'School Admissions Code' by:
- Not refusing admission for a child that has named the school in their EHC plan.
- Considering applications from parents of children who have SEND but do not have an EHC plan.
- Not refusing admission for a child who has SEND but does not have an EHC plan because the school does not feel able to cater for those needs.
- Not refusing admission for a child who does not have an EHC plan.
- Adopting fair practices and arrangements in accordance with the 'School Admissions Code' for the admission of children without an EHC plan.
- Arrangements for the fair admissions of pupils with SEND are outlined in the Admissions Policy and will be published on the school website.

Involving pupils and parents in decision-making

- Parents of pupils with SEND will be encouraged to share their knowledge of their child; the headteacher and SENCO will aim to give them the confidence that their views and contributions are valued and will be acted upon.
- Parents will always be formally notified when the school provides their child with SEND support.
- Decisions on whether the school will commission added provisions will be discussed thoroughly with the LA, parents and, when appropriate, the pupil involved.
- Decisions about education will not unnecessarily disrupt a pupil's education or any health treatment underway.
- The planning that the school implements will help parents and pupils with SEND express their needs, wishes and goals, and will:
- Focus on the pupil as an individual, not allowing their SEND to become a label.
- Be easy for pupils and their parents to understand by using clear, ordinary language and images, rather than professional jargon.
- Highlight the pupil's strengths and capabilities.
- Enable the pupil, and those who know them best, to say what they have done, what they are interested in and what outcomes they are seeking in the future.
- Tailor support to the needs of the individual.
- Organise assessments to minimise demands on parents.
- Bring together relevant professionals to discuss and agree together the overall approach.
- The class teacher, supported by the SENCO, will meet with pupils and their parents three times per academic year to set clear outcomes, review progress, discuss activities and support, and identify parental responsibilities.

Joint commissioning, planning and delivery

- We are committed to ensuring that pupils with SEND can achieve their ambitions and the best possible educational outcomes, as well as other opportunities, such as securing employment and living as independently as possible.
- We work closely with local education, health and social care services to ensure pupils get the right support.

- We assist the LA in carrying out their statutory duties under the Children and Families Act 2014, by ensuring that services work together where this promotes children and young people's wellbeing or improves the quality of special educational provision (Section 25 of the Children and Families Act 2014).
- The school will draw on the wide range of local data sets about the likely educational needs of pupils with SEND to forecast future needs, including:
 - Population and demographic data.
 - Prevalence data for different kinds of SEND among children and young people at the national level.
 - Numbers of local children with EHC plans and their main needs.
 - The numbers and types of settings locally that work with or educate pupils with SEND.
 - An analysis of local challenges or sources of health inequalities.
- The school's Data Protection Policy will be adhered to at all times.
- We will plan, deliver and monitor services against how well outcomes have been met, including, but not limited to:
 - Improved educational progress and outcomes for pupils with SEND.
 - Increasing the identification of pupils with SEND prior to school entry.
- Where pupils with SEND also have a medical condition, their provision will be planned and delivered in coordination with the EHC plan.
- SEND support will be adapted and/or replaced depending on its effectiveness in achieving the agreed outcomes.

Funding

The school will allocate the appropriate amount of core per-pupil funding and notional SEND budget outlined in the Local Offer for the SEND provision of its pupils.

Personal budgets are allocated from the LA's high needs funding block; the school will continue to make SEND provision from its own budgets, even if a pupil has an EHC plan.

Local Offer

In developing and reviewing the Local Offer, we will adopt the following approach:

- **Collaborative:** We will work with LAs, parents and pupils in developing and reviewing the Local Offer. We will also cooperate with those providing services.
- **Accessible:** The published Local Offer will be easy to understand, factual and jargon-free. It is structured in a way that relates to pupils' and parents' needs, e.g. by broad age group or type of special educational provision. It will be well signposted and publicised.
- **Comprehensive:** Parents and pupils will know what support can be expected to be available across education, health and social care from age 0 to 25 and how to access it. The Local Offer will include eligibility criteria for services, where relevant, and make it clear where to go for information, advice and support, as well as how to make complaints about provision or appeal against decisions.
- **Up-to-date:** When parents and pupils access the Local Offer, the information will be up-to-date.

Graduated approach

Once a pupil with SEND has been identified, we will employ a graduated approach to meet the pupil's needs by:

- Establishing a clear assessment of the pupil's needs.
- Planning, with the pupil's parents, the interventions and support to be put in place, as well as the expected impact on progress, development and behaviour, along with a clear date for review.
- Implementing the interventions, with the support of the SENCO.
- Reviewing the effectiveness of the interventions and making any necessary revisions.

Assessment

The school will, in consultation with the pupil's parents, request a statutory assessment of SEND where the pupil's needs cannot be met through the resources normally available within the school. Consideration of whether SEND provision is required, and thus an EHC plan, will start with the desired outcomes and the views of the parents and pupil. The school will meet its duty to respond to any request for information relating to a statutory assessment within six weeks of receipt. The school will gather advice from relevant professionals about the pupil concerned, including their education, health and care needs, desired outcomes and any special education, health and care provision that may be required to meet their identified needs and achieve desired outcomes.

In tracking the learning and development of pupils with SEND, the school will:

- Base decisions on the insights of the pupil and their parents.
- Set pupils challenging targets.
- Track pupils' progress towards these goals.
- Review additional or different provisions made for them.
- Promote positive personal and social development outcomes.
- Base approaches on the best possible evidence and ensure that they are having the required impact on progress.

Detailed assessments will identify the full range of the individual's needs, not just the primary need.

Where possible, pupils' needs will be defined under the 'SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years' broad areas of need:

- Communication and interaction
- Cognition and learning
- Social, emotional and mental health difficulties
- Sensory and/or physical needs

Where a pupil continually makes little or no progress, or is working substantially below expected levels, the school will consult with parents before involving specialists.

Training

Relevant staff members will keep up-to-date with any necessary training, which will be provided by the SENCO, as well as external agencies, where appropriate. Training will cover both the mental and physical needs of pupils with SEND. The training offered will be delivered to ensure equality, diversity, understanding and tolerance. Mental health will be a key consideration for all training that the SENCO participates in, along with any training that staff are given. During staff induction, all staff will receive SEND training.

Training will cover the following:

- Identifying SEND in pupils
- Liaising with the school's SENCO
- Implementing support measures
- Monitoring the success of those support measures
- De-escalation techniques
- Restraining techniques
- How to develop peaceful learning environments
- How to develop lessons so they are engaging for pupils with varying forms of SEND
- Reasonable adjustments
- How to help with emotional development

Promoting mental health and wellbeing

The school will implement a Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy. The curriculum for SMSC will focus on promoting pupils' resilience, confidence and ability to learn. Positive classroom management and working in small groups will be implemented to promote positive behaviour, social development and high self-esteem. A child psychologist will be available where a pupil requires such services. Where appropriate, the school will support parents in the management and development of their child. Peer mentoring will be used to encourage and support pupils suffering with SEMH difficulties. Mentors will act as a confidant with the aim of easing the worries of their mentee. When in-school intervention is not appropriate, referrals and commissioning will be used instead. The school will continue to support the pupil as best it can.

For pupils with more complex problems, additional in-school support will include:

- Supporting the pupil's teacher, to help them manage the pupil's behaviour.
- Additional educational one-to-one support for the pupil.
- One-to-one therapeutic work with the pupil, delivered by mental health specialists.
- An IHP. All schools must comply with the statutory duty of caring for pupils with medical needs.
- Providing professional mental health recommendations, e.g. regarding medication.
- Family support and/or therapy, upon the recommendation of mental health professionals.

We will consider whether disruptive behaviour is a manifestation of SEMH needs and we will focus on work that helps to build self-esteem and self-discipline with the aim of addressing disruptive behaviour.

EHC plans

- The school will fully cooperate with the LA when research about the pupil is being conducted.
- The school will provide the LA with any information or evidence needed.
- All relevant teachers will be involved in contributing information to the LA.
- If the school decides to implement an EHC plan, the parents and the pupil will be informed, including the reasons for this decision.
- The school will meet its duty to provide parents or the individual pupil with 15 calendar days to consider and provide views on a draft EHC plan.
- If the decision is taken not to issue an EHC plan, the school will consider and implement the recommendations of feedback from the LA regarding how the pupil's outcomes can be met through the school's existing provision.
- If the LA decides not to issue an EHC plan, the parents of the pupil, or the pupil themselves, will be informed within a maximum of 16 weeks from the initial request of an EHC assessment.
- The school will admit any pupil that names the school in an EHC plan or EHC needs assessment process.
- The school will ensure that all those teaching or working with a pupil named in an EHC plan are aware of the pupil's needs and that arrangements are in place to meet them.
- All reasonable provisions will be taken by the school to provide a high standard of education.
- Staff will be briefed about any potential problems and a procedure will be put into place to deal with certain situations.
- The school will specify the outcomes sought for a pupil in terms of specific, measurable, achievable, realistic and time-bound (SMART) outcomes.
- The school will ensure that each pupil's EHC plan includes the statutory sections outlined in the 'SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years', labelled separately from one another.
- If a pupil's needs significantly change, the school will request a re-assessment of an EHC plan at least six months after an initial assessment. Thereafter, the governing board or headteacher will request the LA to conduct a re-assessment of a pupil whenever they feel it is necessary. Following the re-assessment, a final EHC plan will be issued within 14 weeks from the request being made.
- The school will ensure that any EHC plan information is kept confidential and disclosed on a need-to-know basis.
- Information regarding a pupil's EHC plan will only be shared with other educational settings if the pupil is transferring there, for the setting to develop an individual learning plan.
- The school will take steps to ensure that pupils and parents are actively supported in developing and reviewing EHC plans.
- Where necessary, the school will provide support from an advocate to ensure the pupil's views are heard and acknowledged.
- The school will ensure that parents are consistently kept involved throughout the implementation of an EHC plan.
- The school will ensure that the whole process of an EHC needs assessment and development takes no longer than 20 weeks from when the initial request was received.

Reviewing the EHC plan

The school will:

- Cooperate with the relevant individuals to ensure an annual review meeting takes place, including convening the meeting on behalf of the LA if requested.
- Ensure that the appropriate people are given at least two weeks' notice of the date of the meeting.

- Contribute any relevant information and recommendations about the EHC plan to the LA, keeping parents involved at all times.
- Ensure that sufficient arrangements are put in place at the school to host the annual review meeting.
- Cooperate with the LA during annual reviews.
- Lead the review of the EHC plan in order to create the greatest confidence amongst pupils and their parents.
- Seek advice and information about the pupil prior to the annual review meeting from all parties invited, and send any information gathered to all those invited, at least two weeks in advance of the meeting.
- Prepare and send a report of the meeting to everyone invited within four weeks of the meeting, which sets out any recommendations and amendments to the EHC plan.
- Provide the LA and parents with any evidence to support the proposed changes and giving those involved at least 15 days to comment and make representations.
- Clarify to the parents and pupil that they have the right to appeal the decisions made in regard to the EHC plan.

Safeguarding

The school recognises that evidence shows children with SEND are at a greater risk of abuse and maltreatment and will ensure that staff are aware that pupils with SEND:

- Have the potential to be disproportionately impacted by behaviours such as bullying.
- May face additional risks online, e.g. from online bullying, grooming and radicalisation.
- Are at greater risk of abuse, including, but not limited to, neglect and sexual violence or harassment.

The school recognises that there are additional barriers to recognising abuse and neglect in this group of pupils. These barriers include, though are not limited to, any communication difficulties the pupil may experience, and the common assumption that indicators of possible abuse are related to the pupil's complex needs or disability without further exploration, e.g. peer group isolation, injury, and changes to behaviour and mood.

The headteacher and governing board will ensure that the school's Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy reflects the fact that these additional barriers can exist when identifying abuse. Care will be taken by all staff, particularly those who work closely with pupils with SEND, to notice any changes behaviour or mood, or any injuries, and these indicators will be investigated by the DSL in collaboration with the SENCO.

Transferring between different phases of education

EHC plans will be reviewed and amended in sufficient time prior to a pupil moving between key phases of education, to allow for planning for and, where necessary, commissioning of support and provision at the new phase. The review and amendments will be completed by 15 February in the calendar year of the transfer at the latest for transfers into or between schools.

SEND tribunal

All disagreements about an EHC plan will be attempted to be resolved as quickly as possible, without the pupil's education suffering. In all cases, the school's written Complaints Procedures Policy will be followed, allowing for a complaint to be considered informally at first.

Following a parent's serious complaint or disagreement about the SEND provisions being supplied to a pupil, the school will contact the LA immediately to seek disagreement resolution advice, regardless of whether an EHC plan is in place. Where necessary, the headteacher will make the relevant parties aware of the disagreement resolution service. The school will meet any request to attend a SEND tribunal and explain any departure from its duties and obligations under the 'SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years'.

Following the use of informal resolutions, the case will be heard in front of three people, one of whom must be independent of the management and running of the school. If disagreements are not resolved at a local level, the case will be referred to the ESFA. We will fully cooperate with the LA by providing any evidence or information that is relevant. All staff involved in the care of the pupil will cooperate with parents to provide the pupil with the highest standard of support and education.

Supporting successful preparation for adulthood

We will ensure that pupils are supported to make a smooth transition to whatever they will be doing next. We will engage with secondary schools, as necessary, to help plan for any transitions. We will transfer all relevant information about pupils to any educational setting that they are transferring to. If a pupil has been excluded, we have a duty to arrange suitable, full-time education from the sixth day of a fixed period exclusion and to provide full details of any SEND provisions necessary, in accordance with the school's Exclusion Policy. If it is in the best interest of the pupil, we may commission alternative provision, in line with any EHC plans in place, for pupils who face barriers to participate in mainstream education.

Data and record keeping

The school's records will:

- Include details of SEND, outcomes, action, agreed support, teaching strategies and the involvement of specialists, as part of its standard management information system to monitor the progress, behaviour and development of all pupils.
- Maintain an accurate and up-to-date register of the provision made for pupils with SEND.
- Show all the provisions the school makes which is different or additional to that offered through the school curriculum on a provision map.

We keep data on the levels and types of need within the school and makes this available to the LA. The SEND information report is published on the school website and it includes all the information outlined in paragraphs 6.79 and 6.83 of the 'SEND Code of Practice: 0 to 25 years'.

All information will be kept in accordance with the school's Records Management Policy and Data Protection Policy.

Confidentiality

We will not disclose any EHC plan without the consent of the pupil's parents, except for disclosure:

- To a SEND tribunal when parents appeal, and to the Secretary of State under the Education Act 1996.
- On the order of any court for any criminal proceedings.
- For the purposes of investigations of maladministration under the Local Government Act 1974.
- To enable any authority to perform duties arising from the Disabled Persons (Services, Consultation and Representation) Act 1986, or from the Children Act 1989 relating to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.
- To Ofsted inspection teams as part of their inspections of schools and LAs.
- To any person in connection with the pupil's application for students with disabilities allowance in advance of taking up a place in HE.
- To the headteacher (or equivalent position) of the setting at which the pupil is intending to start their next phase of education.

We will adhere to the Pupil Confidentiality Policy at all times.

Resolving disagreements

We are committed to resolving disagreements between pupils and the school.

In carrying out of duties, we:

- Support early resolution of disagreements at the local level.
- Explain the independent disagreement resolution arrangements in our Complaints Procedures Policy, which is available for disagreements across special educational provision, and health and care provision in relation to EHC plans and tribunals.

The school's Complaints Procedures Policy is published on our school website; additionally, the school will publish details regarding how complaints from parents of children with SEND will be handled.

Publishing information

We will publish information on the school website about the implementation of the SEND Policy.

The governing board will publish details of the SEND information report on the school website.

The information published will be updated annually and any changes to the information occurring during the year will be updated as soon as possible.

Monitoring and review

The policy is reviewed on an annual basis by the headteacher in conjunction with the governing board; any changes made to this policy will be communicated to all members of

staff, parents of pupils with SEND, and relevant stakeholders. All members of staff are required to familiarise themselves with this policy as part of their induction programme.

The next scheduled review date for this policy is **September 2026**.

Access to this policy

You can get a copy of our policy in a number of ways:

- The school website
- A hard copy on request at the school office